

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER POR PATENTS PO Box 1450 grins 22313-1450 www.nepto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/047,188	01/15/2002	Brian C. Barnes	2000.056900/TT4089	5070
23720 WILLIAMS N	7590 08/21/2008 MORGAN & AMERSON	EXAMINER		
10333 RICHM	IOND, SUITE 1100	TRUONG, THANHNGA B		
HOUSTON, T	X 77042		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2135	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			08/21/2008	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

## Advisory Action Before the Filing of an Appeal Brief

Application No.	Applicant(s)		
10/047,188	BARNES ET AL.		
Examiner	Art Unit		
Thanhnga B. Truong	2135		

	manninga b. muong	2133					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appe	ars on the cover sheet with the	correspondence add	ress				
THE REPLY FILED 11 August 2008 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE.							
<ol> <li>X The reply was filed after a final rejection, but prior to or on application, applicant must timely file one of the following application in condition for allowance; (2) a Notice of Appe for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 C periods:</li> </ol>	replies: (1) an amendment, affidavi eal (with appeal fee) in compliance	t, or other evidence, w with 37 CFR 41.31; or	hich places the (3) a Request				
<ul> <li>a) The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing</li> </ul>	date of the final rejection.						
b) A The period for reply expires on: (1) the mailing date of this A no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire to	iter than SIX MONTHS from the mailing	date of the final rejection	n.				
Examiner Note: If box 1 is checked, check either box (a) or ( MONTHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP 706.07(I	).						
Extensions of time may be obtained under 37 CFR 1.136(a). The date have been filled is the date for purposes of determining the period of ext under 37 CFR 1.17(a) is calculated from: (1) the expiration date of the set forth in (a) above, if checket. Any reply received by the Office later may reduce any earned patient term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). NOTICE OF APPEAL	ension and the corresponding amount hortened statutory period for reply origi than three months after the mailing dat	of the fee. The appropria nally set in the final Offic	ate extension fee e action; or (2) as				
The Notice of Appeal was filed on A brief in comp filing the Notice of Appeal (37 CFR 41.37(a)), or any exter Notice of Appeal has been filed, any reply must be filed with the company of th	sion thereof (37 CFR 41.37(e)), to	avoid dismissal of the	of the date of appeal. Since				
<u>AMENDMENTS</u>							
<ol> <li>The proposed amendment(s) filed after a final rejection, but prior to the date of filing a brief, will not be entered because         <ul> <li>(a) They raise new issues that would require further consideration and/or search (see NOTE below);</li> </ul> </li> </ol>							
(b) They raise the issue of new matter (see NOTE below							
(c) ☐ They are not deemed to place the application in better form for appeal by materially reducing or simplifying the issues for appeal; and/or							
(d) ☐ They present additional claims without canceling a c	corresponding number of finally reject	ected claims.					
NOTE: (See 37 CFR 1.116 and 41.33(a)).							
4. The amendments are not in compliance with 37 CFR 1.12		mpliant Amendment (F	PTOL-324).				
Applicant's reply has overcome the following rejection(s):     Newly proposed or amended claim(s) would be all		imely filed amendmer	it canceling the				
non-allowable claim(s).  7. To purposes of appeal, the proposed amendment(s): a) [		I be entered and an ex	planation of				
how the new or amended claims would be rejected is prov The status of the claim(s) is (or will be) as follows:	ided below or appended.						
Claim(s) allowed:							
Claim(s) objected to: Claim(s) rejected:							
Claim(s) rejected: Claim(s) withdrawn from consideration:							
AFFIDAVIT OR OTHER EVIDENCE							
<ol> <li>The affidavit or other evidence filed after a final action, but because applicant failed to provide a showing of good and was not earlier presented. See 37 CFR 1.116(e).</li> </ol>							
9. The affidavit or other evidence filed after the date of filing entered because the affidavit or other evidence failed to o showing a good and sufficient reasons why it is necessary.	vercome all rejections under appea	al and/or appellant fails	s to provide a				
10. ☐ The affidavit or other evidence is entered. An explanation							
REQUEST FOR RECONSIDERATION/OTHER							
The request for reconsideration has been considered but See Continuation Sheet.	does NOT place the application in	condition for allowan	ce because:				
12. Note the attached Information Disclosure Statement(s). (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s).							
13. Other:							
	/Thanhnga B. Truong/						
	Primary Examiner, Art U	nit 2135					

Continuation of 11, does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because:

The Applicant's amendment file on August 11, 2008 has been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The arguments that
applicant has argued in the amendment after final is very similar to that of the previous arguments filed on February 19, 2008. Therefore,
the similar responses which has been responded before is addressed herein again.

Applicant argued that:

"Convey does not disclose or make obvious any type of establishment of a security level to a software object."

Examiner respectfully disagrees with the applicant and still maintain that:

Convey does teach establishment of a security level to a software object as shown in column 5, lines 9-19 and column 6, lines 4-10. In fact, Convey's invention is to observe the security behavior of untrusted software under test conditions in the order to develop greater confidence in its continued "good behavior" under field conditions. The portion of a computer system that is entrusted with enforcing (e.g. establishing) the system's security policy is known as the "Trusted Computing Base" (TCB). A "security kernel" is a particular TCB implementation technique. The TCB enforces security policy by imposing constraints on the accesses that subjects (generally processes or human users) make to 'Objects' (generally files, I/O devices and memory pages or segments) (column 3, lines 27-39 of Convey). In addition, Convey even suggests before giving execution control to a particular software process, the security kernel (operating system) changes the values of result label RAM 60 in order to enforce (e.g. establish) different security policies at different times or to impose different constraints upon different processes or to accommodate different classification schemes (column 6, lack-4-99 of Convey).

Applicant further argued that:

"The combination of teaching between Convey and Couleur is improper for showing the multi-table input/output space."

Examiner respectfully disagrees with the applicant and still maintains that:

Although Covey teaches memory access with page table, Covey is silent on the capability of showing the multi-table input/output pace. On the other hand, Couleur teaches this limitation in the abstract and as well as in Figure 1 and column 2, lines 10-48 of Couleur. In response to applicant's argument that there is no suggestion to combine the references, the examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the Knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. See In re Fine, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988)and In re Jones, 958 F.2d 372, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, based on the above explanation, the combination of teaching between Convey and Couleur is efficient and proper.

Convey and Couleur do not need to disclose anything over and above the invention as claimed in order to render it unpatentable or anticipate. A recitation of the intended use of the claimed invention must result in a structural difference between the claimed invention and the prior art in order to patentably distinguish the claimed invention from the prior art. If the prior art structure is capable of performing the intended use, then it meets the claimed limitations.

The fact that Examiner may not have specifically responded to any particular arguments made by Applicant and Applicant's Representative, should not be construed as indicating Examiner's agreement therewith.

For the above reasons, it is believed that the relactions should be sustained.

Allowable Subject Matter:

Claims 8-11 and 17-20 are allowed

Claims 6-11 and 17-20 are allowed.

Claims 4 and 15 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims.

Claims 5-7 are depended to claim 4, thus they are objected with the same rationale applied against claim 4 above.